

Water Conservation Options for College Station

“From Policy to Reality: Advanced
Urban Water Conservation in Texas”

April 18, 2008

Water Services Department

Water
Production

Distribution &
Collection

Environmental
Services

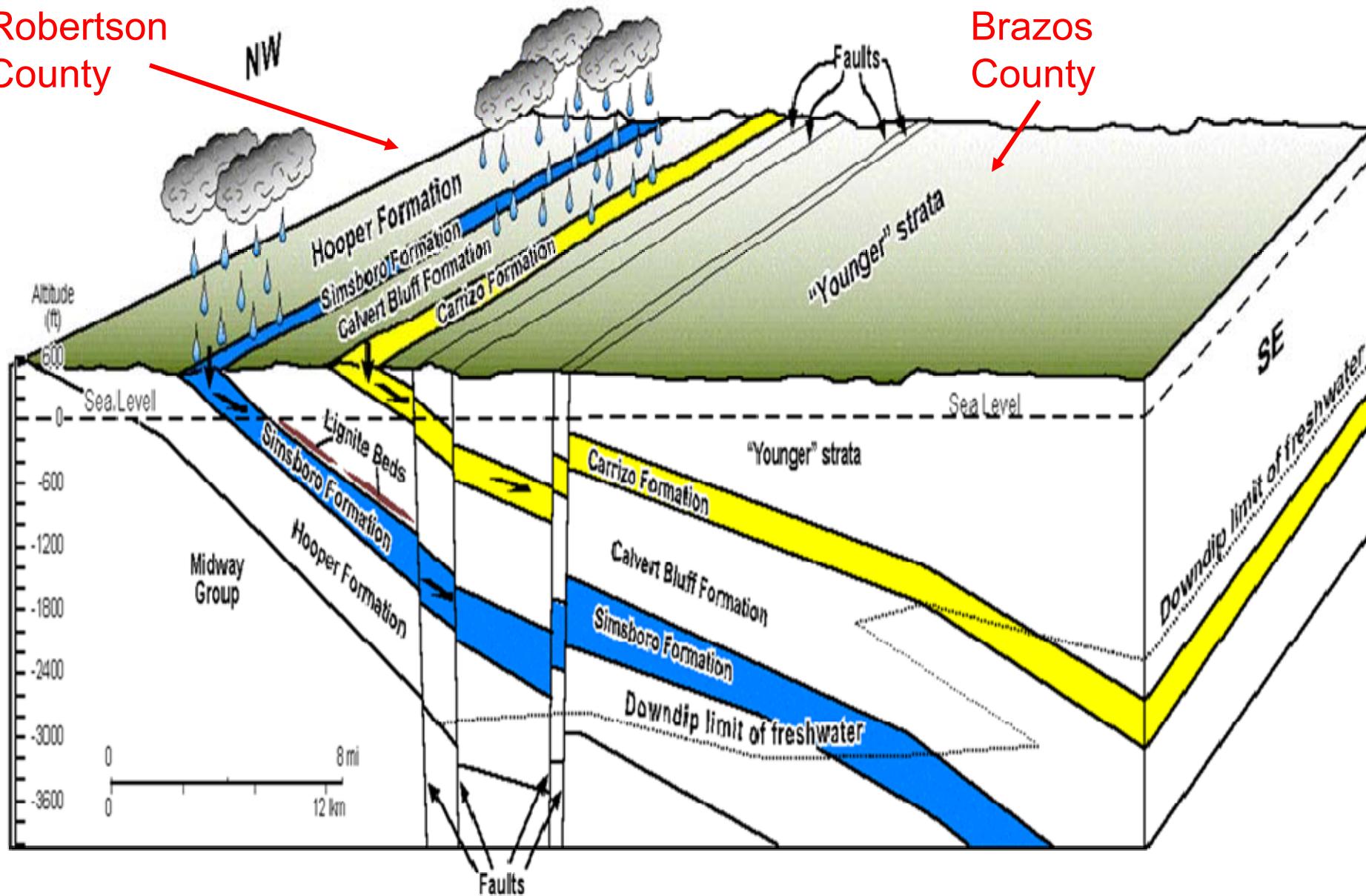
Wastewater
Treatment

Public
Education

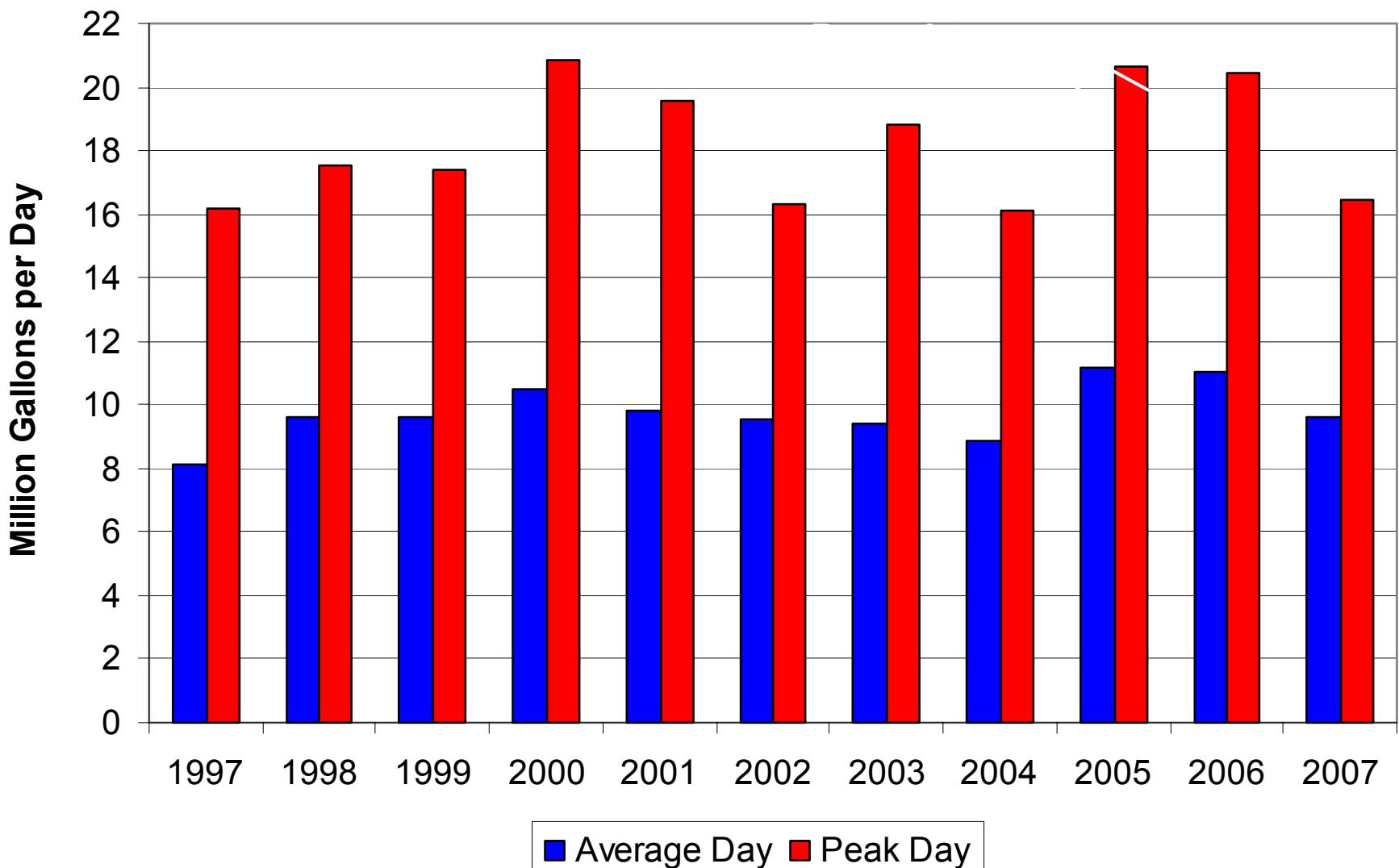
Where Does College Station's Water Come From?

Robertson
County

Brazos
County



College Station Average vs. Peak Day Demand 1997 - 2006



Why Is Water Conservation Essential?

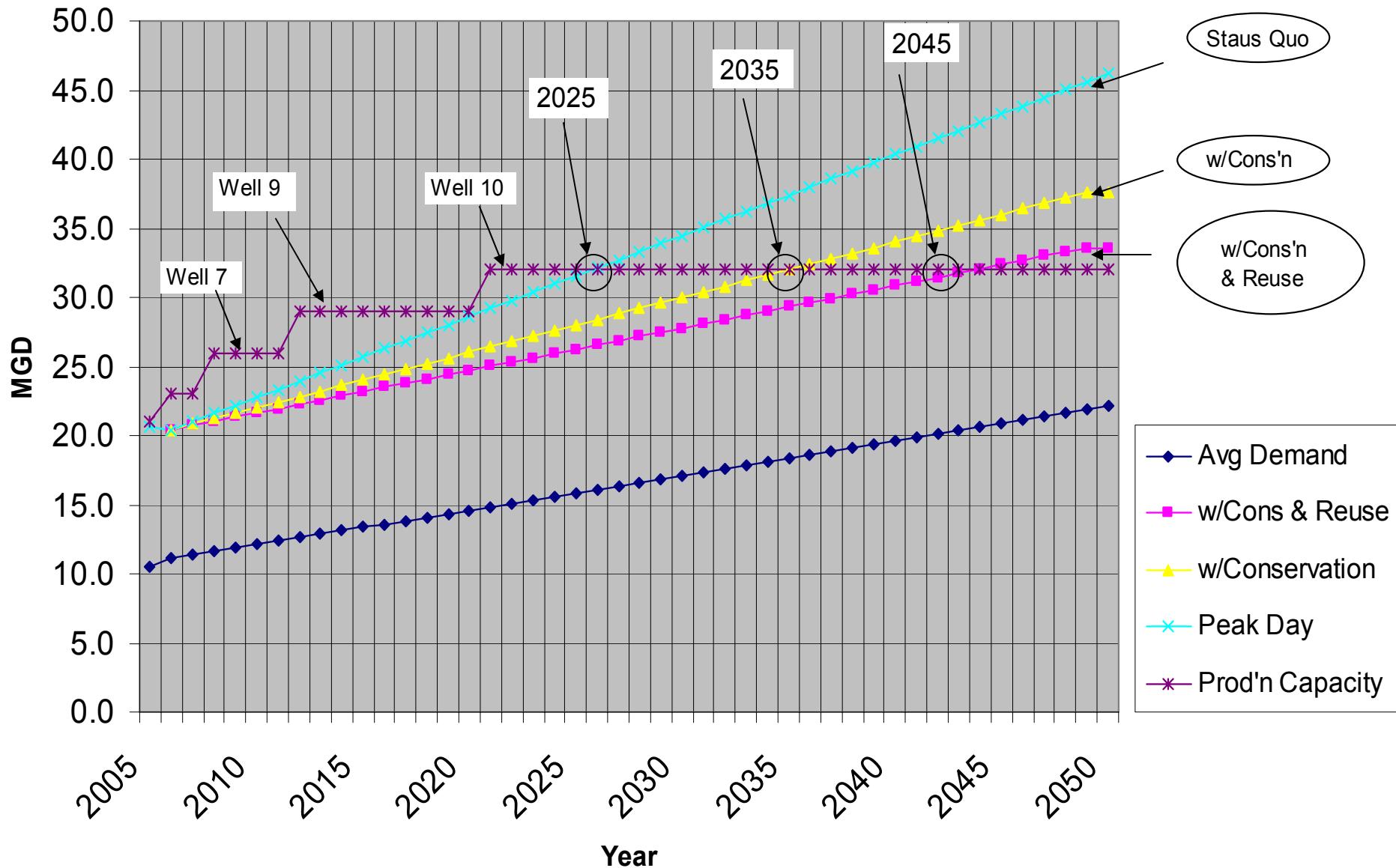
- Groundwater District rules
 - Aquifer is a limited resource
 - Water conservation measures part of new well application
- Impact of Regional Water Plan
- Rapid growth continues
- Expensive new water sources
- System designed for Peak Demand
 - Reducing peak demand defers or eliminates Capital costs

Future Concerns

- No immediate shortage, but...
- Conservation and water reuse are recommended Water Management Strategies in Region G Water Plan
- Groundwater Conservation District will eventually need to limit groundwater pumping
- Limit of 90,000 acre-feet/year available from Simsboro aquifer in Robertson/Brazos Counties
 - 75,000 af/yr is already permitted
 - 15,000 af/yr remaining to be permitted
 - This will allow 3 new full production wells (3,000 gpm each)
 - These numbers could change, based on Desired Future Conditions

CS Water Demand through Dec 2007

Circles show when peak demands hit production capacity, in 3 scenarios.



Current Status of Water Conservation

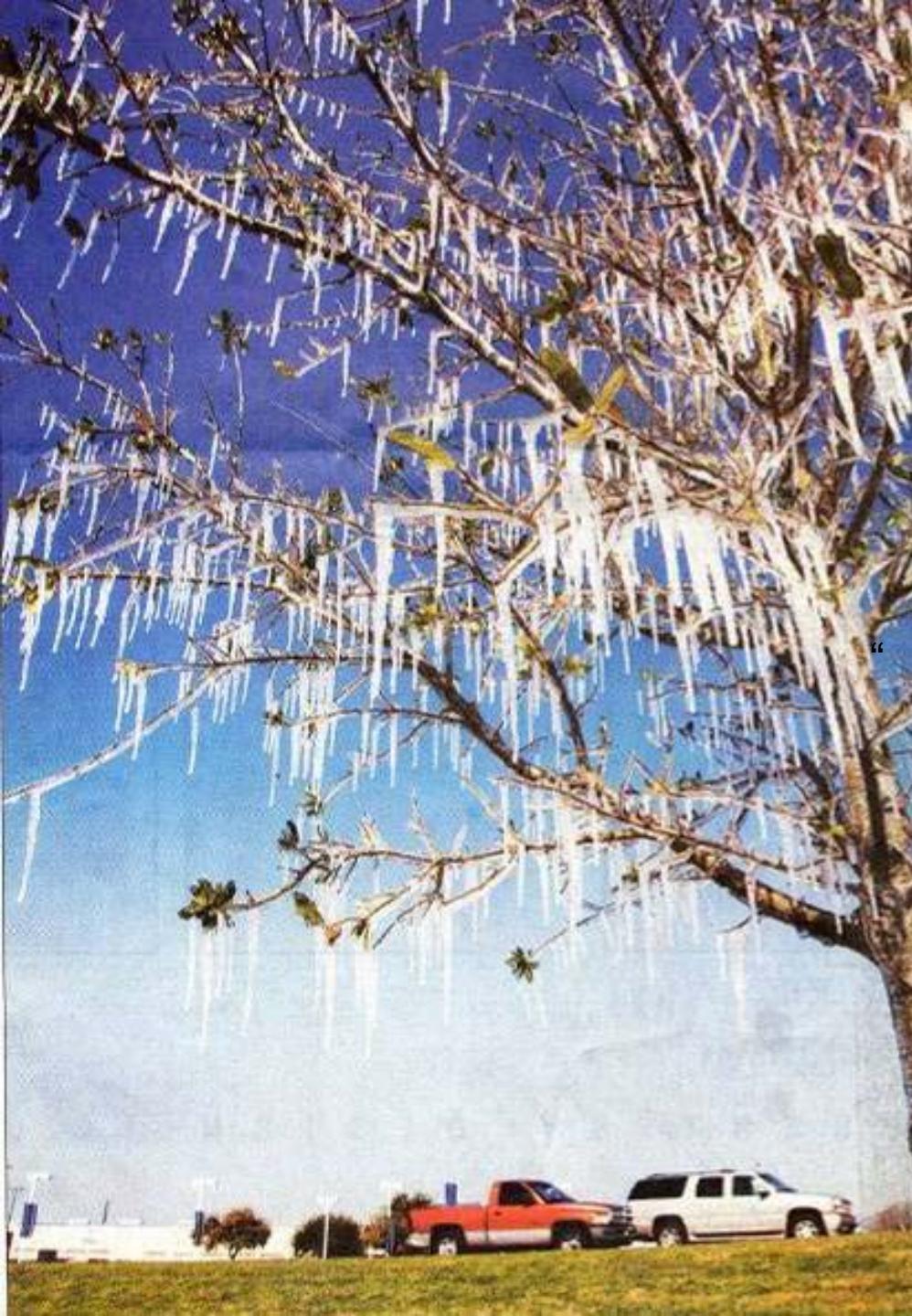
- Some programs already in place
 - Education-based
 - Drought Contingency Plan in place since Jan. 2000
- Water Conservation Plan
 - Adopted by Council October 2006
 - Ultimate goal: Average water use at or below 140 gallons per capita per day (gpcd)
 - 2016 goal: Peak water use reduced from the 2006 level of 197 gpcd to 180 gpcd.
- Through combination of programs, could save up to 10-20 gallons per person/day

Conservation Best Management Practices

Title	In Place	By 2010	By 2015
System Water Audits / Water Loss	Y		
School Education / Public Information	Y		
All Water Connections Metered	Y		
Conservation Coordinator	Y		
Reuse of Treated Effluent	Y		
Conservation Pricing		Y	
Water Waste Prohibition		Y	
Water Use Survey For SF & MF Customers		Y	
Landscape Irrigation Conservation / Conversion		Y	
Athletic Field / Park / Golf Course Conservation		Y	
Rainwater Harvesting/Condensate Reuse			Y
Industrial / Commercial / Institutional Conservation			Y
Clothes Washer Incentives			Y
Plumbing Fixture Rebate / Retrofit			Y

Focus on Landscape Irrigation first

- EPA estimates up to 50% of outdoor irrigation water is wasted
- Many CS neighborhoods have irrigation water running down the gutters
- Water Reuse for irrigation: 67 million gallons/year initially; potential for more



“A Touch of the Unexpected”

“The sprinkler system at [a business on Southwest Parkway] helped create icicles covering the trees Friday morning.”

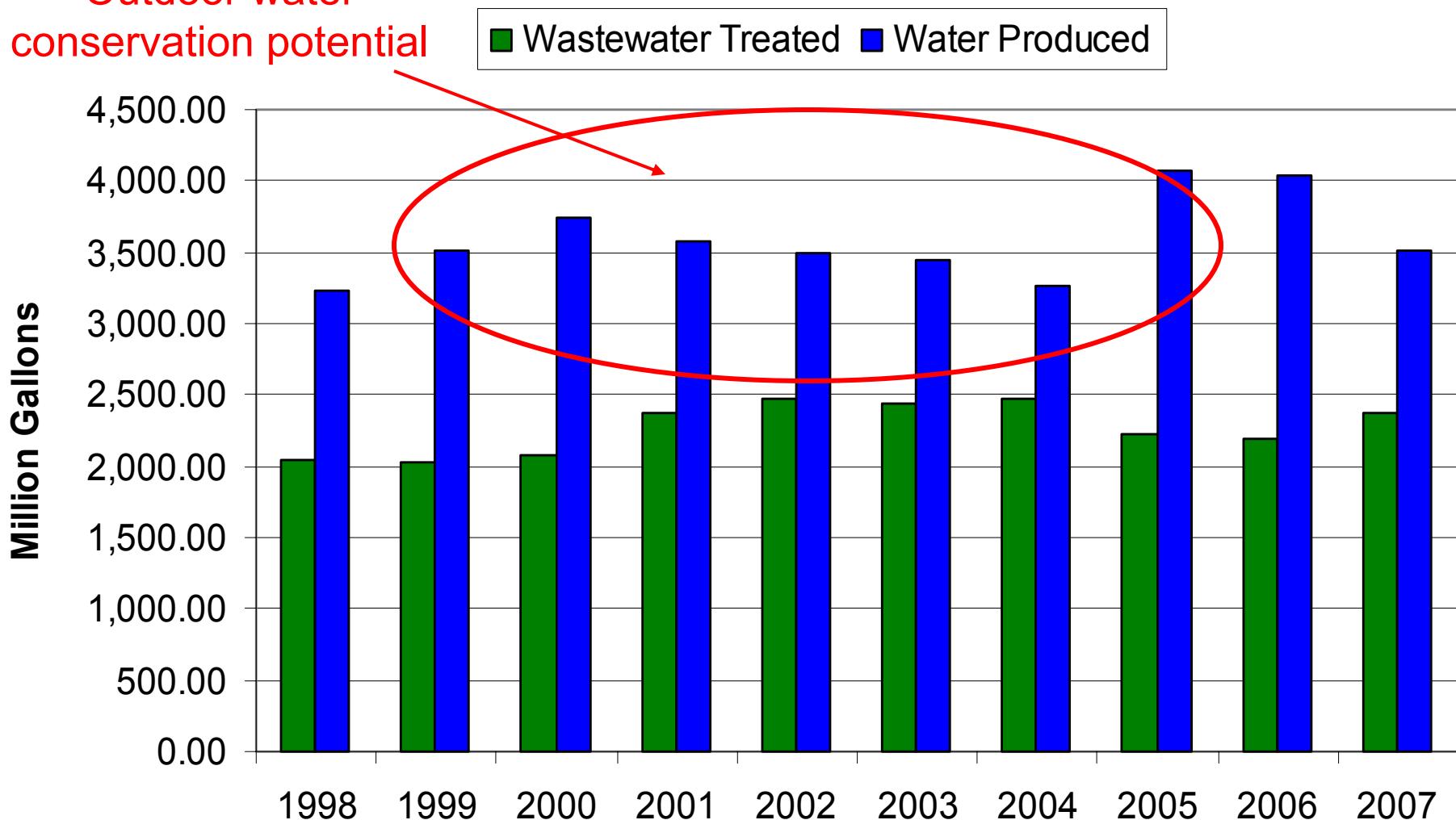
*- Bryan/College Station Eagle
Feb. 17, 2007 Butch Ireland,
photographer*



Date of picture: March 29th, 2007

How Much Could We Save Annually?

Outdoor water
conservation potential



Recommended Programs

1. Water Re-use: Pipe effluent from treatment plant to parks for irrigation
2. Conservation water rates: Encourage reduced irrigation usage and properly allocate costs to irrigation users who create the high peak demand
3. Water Loss Control: System monitoring to reduce losses from leaks, etc.
4. Landscape Water Management: on-site water audits, education to change habits, promote water-saving plants.
5. Public Education: Promote Water Conservation

1. Water Re-Use

- Veteran's Park is estimated to use 750,000 gallons per day to irrigate playing fields when fully built-out
- CIP project planned for FY-09 will cost \$2.3 million
 - Have issued RFQ to select design firm
 - Looking for best easement route from CCWWTP to VPAC
 - Expect to start construction Winter 2009
 - Hope to be complete for 2009 irrigation season
- Parks Department is actively supportive
- Request Council support this CIP project
- Future CIP for Re-use water to City Center area (incl. Central Park and Cemetery) est. cost \$1.0 million and will save 325,000 gallons per day.

2. Conservation Water Rates

- For Residential: Increase in price per unit of water as consumption increases
- Shifts cost of service burden to customers putting burden on water system
 - When a water rate increase is required, recommend it be implemented by keeping our Residential base rate unchanged, as a “sustenance rate”
 - Those residential customers creating the high peak demand would then pay more for usage above the sustenance rate
- Next slide shows samples of Residential conservation rates
- Commercial rates remain flat (not graduated based on usage), but would have a separate rate for irrigation
- Most businesses have irrigation meters already

2. Residential Conservation Rate Examples

City	# of Rate Blocks	Cost / 1,000 gallons over base
Allen	4	\$2.36 - \$4.13
Austin	4	\$0.86 - \$6.42
Bastrop	6	\$1.54 - \$2.09
Carrollton	4	\$2.57 - \$3.77
College Station	1	\$2.22
Dallas	4	\$1.16 - \$3.40
Flower Mound	5	\$2.10 - \$3.57
Fort Worth	3	\$1.77 - \$2.90
Frisco	3	\$2.28 - \$2.98
Garden Ridge	7	\$1.75 - \$6.75
Georgetown	4	\$2.25 - \$6.00

City	# of Rate Blocks	Cost / 1,000 gallons over base
Grand Prairie	3	\$2.33 - \$3.50
Houston	8	\$3.05 - \$4.65
Killeen	3	\$2.59 - \$3.09
Pflugerville	8	\$4.51 - \$5.14
Richardson	6	\$2.55 - \$3.51
Rosenberg	4	\$2.50 - \$2.72
San Antonio	4	\$0.878 - \$4.11
San Marcos	4	\$4.05 - \$5.62
Victoria	7	\$1.52 - \$2.55
Waco	4	\$2.42 - \$3.64
Wickson S.U.D.	3	\$2.13 - \$4.00
Wellborn S.U.D.	4	\$2.65 - \$4.30

Percent Increase, Low to High: Min = 9% Max = 647% Avg = 121%

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City	# of Rate Blocks	Cost / 1,000 gallons over base
Allen	4	\$2.36 - \$4.13
Austin	4	\$0.86 - \$6.42
Bastrop	6	\$1.54 - \$2.09
Brenham	4	\$3.53 - \$5.52
Carrollton	4	\$2.57 - \$3.77
College Station	1	\$2.22
Dallas	4	\$1.16 - \$3.40
Flower Mound	5	\$2.10 - \$3.57
Frisco	3	\$2.28 - \$2.98
Garden Ridge	7	\$1.75 - \$6.75
Georgetown	4	\$2.25 - \$6.00

City	# of Rate Blocks	Cost / 1,000 gallons over base
Grand Prairie	3	\$2.33 - \$3.50
Kerrville	5	\$2.21 - \$4.88
Killeen	3	\$2.59 - \$3.09
Pflugerville	8	\$4.51 - \$5.14
Richardson	6	\$2.55 - \$3.51
Rosenberg	4	\$2.50 - \$2.72
San Antonio	4	\$0.878 - \$4.11
San Marcos	4	\$4.45 - \$6.18
Waco	4	\$2.54 - \$3.82
Wickson S.U.D.	3	\$2.13 - \$4.00
Wellborn S.U.D.	4	\$2.65 - \$4.30

Percent Increase, Low to High: Min = 9% Max = 647% Avg = 121%

3. Water Loss Control

- System-wide water utility audits required by Texas Water Development Board every five years
- Effective tool in reducing unbilled or non-revenue water
- Provides information on improving utility efficiency
- Water Utility is already implementing this

4. Landscape Water Management

- No more “set it and forget it” for irrigation systems
- Involve local landscape industry, Extension service in customer outreach
- On-site audits and watering schedules can greatly reduce waste without impacting landscapes

5. Public Education

- Currently reaching 7,000 customers/year through direct contact
- Combining with recognizable programs such as Water IQ and Learning to be Water Wise increases impact
- Increase in funding needed to reach wider customer base
- Excellent support from City Public Communications Department

Recommendations

- Fund the Water Re-use CIP project for FY-09
- Residential conservation-oriented water rates
 - Base rate: \$2.22 / 1,000 gallons 0 - 10,000 gallons
 - Middle tiers: \$3.54 - \$4.20 / 1,000 gallons
 - Top tier: \$4.86 / 1,000 gallons 25,001 gallons and up
- Irrigation water rate: \$3.54 per thousand gallons
- Implement Water Loss Control (no additional cost)
- Improve public outreach and education on water issues
- Implement Landscape Water Management
- Review Ordinances to ensure they are consistent with Conservation

Green College Station

- “College Station is committed to being a leader in resource conservation and protection of our environment. GREEN COLLEGE STATION will express the City’s commitment to achieve resource conservation and sustainability over the long-term.”

- January 24, 2008 College Station City Council meeting



Gap Analysis: Findings

- What can we do to make existing programs better?
- Need green energy component
- Need better defined goals for conservation programs
- Need more aggressive public education program
- Building codes that don't impede conservation



Municipal Leadership

- Energy conservation in City facilities
- New and remodeled City facilities built to LEED standards
- Hybrid vehicles in City fleet
- Water conservation in City facilities



Plan of Action

- Promote Green College Station through:
 - Aggressive public education programs
 - Changes to ordinances
 - Incentive programs
 - Conservation rate structures
 - Alternative waste reduction strategies
 - Focus Comp Plan update around promoting open space



Green College Station

- Energy efficiency and renewable energy
- Air quality / reduction HCF footprint
- **Water conservation**
- Protection of open space and green areas
- Green building
- GHG emission reduction



For More Information

Contact...

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Questions???

